

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXIII--NO. 27.

INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1874.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,736.

## GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

### THE TEXAS IMBROGLIO.

GOVERNOR DAVIS NOT DISPOSED TO YIELD—HIS TROOPS FIND THE STATE BUILDINGS OCCUPIED—AN ARMISTICE OF TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Jan. 15.—It is stated that during the night a call was made on the commander of the post for troops to protect the State Journal office. The commandant declined. The Travis Guards were ordered out by Governor Davis to report to the adjutant general, but on arriving at the capital, they found the new governor inaugurated to whom they reported and were directed to obey the orders of Gen. H. E. McCulloch, acting adjutant general, or his assistant. They took charge of the two chambers of the house. The Davis Guards and an improvised colored company of guards acting with great calmness. Davis insists on retaining possession till the 25th of April. Everything is quiet to-day, though armed soldiers are stationed at every entrance to the capitol building. This evening a company of rifles marched up from the state armory, each member speaking to his acquaintances that the mayor there (Wheeler) has been arrested by radical negroes, numbering from forty to 200. The long roll was beaten and a call made for reinforcements to rescue the mayor. As if by inspiration, from every direction came men on foot and horseback, with such arms as they could gather. Among several several men were included that they had seen service under the Texas republic. The crowd continued to increase until the streets were filled, when the mayor arrived, having been released. Gov. Davis stated to Sheriff Zeelman that the arrest was without authority, and should be promptly corrected. Gov. Davis was immediately raised and placed under command of Major Rolston, of San Antonio. Much feeling ran on. Nothing of a serious nature has occurred. The Davis colored guards numbering about forty, passed into the basement of the capitol, without hindrance. Governor Davis and assistant adjutant general Zeelman, signed an armistice of twenty-four hours. There is to be nothing offensive by either party until the expiration of that time. All the bar rooms are closed. All of the troops are disbanded on both sides, and there is much rejoicing.

GOVERNOR KLECK COKE DEMANDS THE POSSESSION OF THE STATE OFFICES AND ARCHIVES—GOVERNOR DAVIS REFUSES HIM THAT POSSESSION IS NINETEEN POINTS IN THE LAW, AND CAN'T THINK OF GIVING UP HIS SEAT—HE OFFERS TO ABIDE AN ARBITRATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

GALVESTON, Jan. 17.—A special to the News, from Austin, says: Governor Davis still holds out. No transfers of other state offices have been made. Davis' friends say he will await the result of the cabinet meeting at Washington to-day. This evening seven of the mob who arrested the mayor yesterday were arrested by civil process—four negroes and three whites. This caused quite a stir in the basement of the capitol, but no demonstrations were made. Everything is otherwise quiet. The following is an interesting correspondence.

STATE CAPITAL, Jan. 16.

To the Hon. Edmund J. Davis:

Sir—Having been on yesterday, the 15th day of January, duly and constitutionally declared elected governor of the state of Texas, and having fully qualified as such, I have to ask of you, respectfully, the delivery into my possession of the executive office of the state, together with the papers, archives, and all property pertaining thereto, as well as the office of secretary of state and his archives, papers and property.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,  
RICHARD COKE.

The response is as follows:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, STATE OF TEXAS, January 17.

Sir: Acknowledging the receipt of your communication of yesterday, I have to say in reply that I do not, as you know, regard you as the executive of this state or entitled to the possession of the governor's office, or any other official residence. I am, myself, the governor of this state till the 25th of April next, as much as the legitimate state government, and of putting an end to the present disturbed condition of the state. As matters now stand, every day adds greatly to the injurious complication of our affairs. I therefore, now propose to you to submit the question of the recognition of the legitimate state government to the executive or congress of the United States, or to both, as the executive of the United States is bound, under the constitution, to sustain the legitimate government against domestic violence. This question is a proper one for him to decide, and I pledge myself to abide the decision to be thus made and I will advise all good citizens to do the same. I also propose to join with you in adopting the means best calculated to secure a prompt decision of this question. Greatly desiring an early settlement of these troubles, and trusting that you will meet this offer with a similar reply.

I remain, respectfully,

E. J. DAVIS, Governor.

To the Hon. Richard Coke.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, AUSTIN, JAN. 17.

To the Hon. E. J. Davis:

Sir—Yours of this inst., in reply to mine of yesterday, is received. By the will of the people of Texas, fairly and legally expressed at the polls, and the recognition of their representatives, the fourteenth legislature now in session, it has been decided that I am the constitutional governor of Texas, and as such have been duly installed, and holding this decision, absolute, and declining under any circumstances to consider your proposition to refer the matter to another authority, I respectfully renew the request made in my note of yesterday.

Following these, Capt. Geo. Clarke made a demand on J. P. Newcomb for the state department, etc., and was answered that Newcomb would comply with whatever Davis ordered; that he held by his order, and that Davis surrendered the executive office, he would remain.

WASHINGTON, January 17.

Attorney General Williams this afternoon sent the following telegram to Gov. Davis, of Texas:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.

Gov. E. J. Davis, Austin, Texas:

Your telegram of yesterday stating that according to the constitution of Texas you were governor until the 25th of April next, and that the Hon. Richard Coke has been inaugurated and will attempt to seize the

governor's office and buildings, and calling upon the president for military assistance, has been referred by him to me, and I am instructed to say that after considering the fourteenth section of the article four of the constitution of Texas, providing that the governor shall hold his office for a term of four years from the date of his installation, under which by the constitution, beginning from the day of their election; under which the governor elect claims office, and more than four years having expired since your election, he is of the opinion that your right to the office of governor at this time is at least so doubtful that he does not feel warranted in furnishing United States troops to aid you in holding further possession of it, and he therefore declines to comply with your request.

[Signed] GBS. H. WILLIAMS, Atty. Gen.

THE DISPUTE VIRTUALLY ENDED—THE NEW OFFICERS TAKING QUIET POSSESSION.

GALVESTON, Jan. 19.—An Austin special to the News says that matters there are very quiet. The offices of governor and secretary of state are virtually turned over to the new officers. It is probable that Governor Coke will send to the senate to-day the name of the new attorney general for ratification. The senate is to do the proper officers, governor, attorney general and secretary of state will proceed to count the votes for the other state officers and the constitutional amendments, which will be completed Wednesday. Immediately thereafter the controller, treasurer and superintendent of the land office will be installed. The present incumbents have signified their willingness to retire when their successors are qualified.

GETTING POSSESSION OF THE OFFICES UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Jan. 19.—To-day the governor-at-arms (Shropshire) of the senate, accompanied by several deputies, proceeded to the different government offices of the state and took possession. When he demanded the keys from Newcomb he refused them, and it became necessary to arrest him. But after surrendering the keys and other property of his late department was released. Governor Davis had previously left the executive office, leaving only a clerk therein. The clerk after his arrest, surrendered the keys in the adjutant general's department. Britton made no objection. Newcomb exhibited considerable excitement. His fireplace was full of papers burning. Governor Coke was frequently congratulated. There seems to be a general feeling of thankfulness that the people of Texas, at last, have possession of their own. The public instruction department was released because the votes for superintendent of that department are not yet counted, though Sergt. Shropshire had previously taken possession, taking the keys from Degress. There was evidently a final determination among the late officers to ignore even the opinion of Attorney General Williams. They only gave up the keys after being arrested, and then under verbal protest. Gen. Steele now has the adjutant general's department, Captain Geo. Clark that of secretary of state and Gov. Coke the executive offices.

WASHINGTON.

THE CASE OF GEN. HOWARD—HOMES FOR THE MENNONITES—RETIREMENT IN PUBLIC BUILDINGS—THE TEXAS TROUBLES LOOK THREATENING.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.

The house military committee to-day considered, without coming to a conclusion, whether they should continue the investigation or request the president to order a board of inquiry in the case of Gen. Howard. The senate committee on public lands this morning had under consideration Senator Cameron's resolution directing them to inquire into the expediency of granting the request of the Mennonites of Russia and Prussia to purchase from this government a compact body of land, sufficiently large to afford homes for them. They number between forty and fifty thousand souls. The committee discussed the matter without coming to any conclusion.

The attorney general received a dispatch to-day from the United States marshal at Austin, Texas, dated to-day, saying: The newly elected governor, Coke, was inaugurated last night. Armed men are guarding the approaches to the offices and to the capitol. Other armed men have possession of the legislative halls. A conflict seems inevitable. A message from you may save us from disaster. The attorney general replied that he could only appeal to the parties peacefully to adjust their difficulties. The senate committee on buildings and grounds have decided that it will be inexpedient to consider any new propositions for erecting government buildings this year, and that the work should be confined to those now in progress which are strictly indispensable.

A committee on postoffices and post roads to-day heard the continuation of the arguments of Wm. Orton and G. G. Hubbard, respectively opposing and advocating the postal telegraph bill.

ACTION OF THE PATENT CONVENTION—GEN. HOWARD'S CASE—TRIAL OF JUDGE WRIGHT POSTPONED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.

In accordance with the idea of the patent convention, which recently closed its session in Washington, it is proposed to establish branch associations with a little delay as possible, in each state or territory, the president of which shall be a vice president, ex-officio, of the national association. An effort will be made to hold an international patent congress in Philadelphia, at the time of the centennial.

The House committee on military affairs will hold a session to-morrow at which the sense of the committee will be tested by a vote, whether in the matter of charges against General Howard, the committee shall proceed with the investigation, or whether they shall recommend the subject to be transferred to the military court of inquiry for trial. The committee are about equally divided on these propositions.

The trial of Judge J. W. Wright, charged with forging the names of Indians to receipts for back pay and bounty, is postponed until Monday next.

The Comte de Waldeck sent a bouquet to the ex-empress Eugenie on her birthday, with a note saying that his age was one hundred and nine years. Oh! the gallantry of these young men.

## AT LAST.

### THIRD CHOICE FOR CHIEF JUSTICE.

M. R. WAITE, OF OHIO—SURPRISE OF THE SENATE—HOW MR. WAITE RECEIVED THE NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The nomination of Morrison R. Waite, of Ohio, to be chief justice of the supreme court, was a surprise to the senators and all others about the capital, including the justices of the court. Subsequently the senate in executive session referred the nomination to the committee on judiciary, which will probably to-morrow report favorably on it. The nomination recalled that fact that he acted as one of the counsel at the Geneva tribunal of arbitration, and some of the senators were acquainted with him. He is an able lawyer of 30 years standing, and although a republican is not an active partisan, and at the present time he is president of the Ohio constitutional convention. It was discovered on looking at the supreme court record, that a year ago to-morrow Mr. Waite was nominated by the senate to be a member of the committee of five to draw a resolution of the sense of the convention on the subject. President Waite ruled it out of order, and regular business proceeded. He has refused to permit any member of the committee to be present at the meeting for his appointment, though several have offered to do so, and he was not aware that any of his friends had presented his name. He is now stopping with his wife and sister at the Burnet House. Up to eleven o'clock he had no notice, official or unofficial, from Washington of his nomination.

HOW MR. WAITE RECEIVED THE NEWS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 19.—The news of the nomination of W. R. Waite, of Toledo, now president of Ohio constitutional convention, came to Mr. Waite at noon. At the beginning of the afternoon session, the Hon. Rufus King arose and read the associated press dispatch from Washington, announcing the nomination of Mr. Waite. That body forgot its gravity, and broke out into a round of prolonged applause, in which every member of the convention most heartily participated. The Hon. Samuel Hunt then moved to appoint a committee of five to draw a resolution of the sense of the convention on the subject. President Waite ruled it out of order, and regular business proceeded. He has refused to permit any member of the committee to be present at the meeting for his appointment, though several have offered to do so, and he was not aware that any of his friends had presented his name. He is now stopping with his wife and sister at the Burnet House. Up to eleven o'clock he had no notice, official or unofficial, from Washington of his nomination.

SKETCH OF MR. WAITE.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 19.—The nomination of Waite for chief justice is received by his neighbors with expressions of great satisfaction, and by all parties with pleasure. Mr. Waite is the son of the late Chief Justice Waite, of Connecticut, one of the leading jurists of New England. He is now in his fifty-eighth year. He graduated at Yale college at the age of twenty-two; came to Toledo in 1838, and studied law with S. M. Young, with whom he practiced for eighteen years. He has for many years stood at the head of the bar of the northwestern Ohio, and has twice declined a seat on the supreme bench of Ohio. In 1849 he was elected a member of the legislature, serving with distinction. In 1852 he was a candidate for congress, and though defeated, he received a majority of 1,200 in Toledo. He is now serving as a member of the Ohio constitutional convention, to which he was chosen by the unanimous vote of both parties. The present appointment, like all other public honors, has come to him without the slightest seeking on his part, as he has discouraged his personal friends from efforts to secure the place for him. His neighbors feel very assured that in this, as in every other trust, he will abundantly justify the confidence reposed in him.

PACIFIC NOTES.

COMPLICATIONS WITH JAPAN—MR. BINGHAM'S NEUTRAL ATTITUDE—YEDDO AGAIN VISITED BY THE FLAMES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The steamer Colorado arrived this afternoon. She brings Yokohama dates to December 23. The diplomatic disagreement between the government of Japan and certain foreign representatives continues unsettled, and has, indeed, been complicated to some extent by events not yet made public. It is still urged that the whole country should be thrown open at an early period, a proposition which the Japanese decidedly refuse to entertain unless the condition of ex-territorial jurisdiction be abandoned. Three ministers of the nations concerned in the Simeonoseki indemnity, of which \$2,000,000 remains unpaid, will press their claims if their desires are not acceded to. These are the envoys of Holland, France and England.

The United States Minister, Mr. Bingham, holds aloof from the conferences, and has even informally notified the government that he desires no part of the amount due to be offered to him. His action is understood to imply that while the United States will not accept their share, they are not disposed to appear to offer a rebuke to the movement of the other parties concerned. Mr. Bingham simply wishes to take no part in the proceedings, and to have none forced on him. The others are met in their demands first, by a statement that the surrender of the \$2,000,000 indemnity would be no fair equivalent for the opening of the country, and the approval of that could be purchased by money at all; and secondly, that the representatives of three powers alone have not the right to negotiate.

RIGHT TO NEGOTIATE.

For opening the Empire at all; or, in other words, that a money compensation offered by France, Holland, England and the United States, even if it would entitle them to admission, could not affect Germany, Italy, Russia and the numerous other nations with which Japan has a treaty. At the same time they show the impossibility of making any discrimination in the matter, and they therefore express themselves ready to pay on demand.

It is semi-officially announced that the British Minister has no wish to receive the money, but to use his claim as an instrument toward affecting his design. The Dutch and French representatives on the other hand desire payment. Meanwhile the amount being ready for delivery, the Japanese have taken occasion to express their opinion on the whole question of ex-territorialization in a manner unusually forcible for them. They have issued a circular dispatch to the metropolitan powers, in which they object to the system with illustrations of its dangers, and showing that the European governments have declared against it in strong terms, as in the case of other Asiatic nations. The document is the most energetic yet issued, and though not declaring in positive terms that ex-territoriality, as it now exists, shall not be applied to the country generally, it is understood to express the final decision of the Japanese government to that effect. The result of its reception by foreign ministers has not yet transpired; but there is little doubt that it will arise in the formidable opposition of the whole body. The Mikado and Empress continue their visits of inspection to the public institutions. On the 7th instant they sailed in state to the dock yard and arsenal of Yokosuka, south of Yokohama, and after examining the works by day and night, returned the next day to the capital.

## THE ORIENT.

### A GLIMPSE AT PERSIA.

WOMAN FOR WOMAN—WORK AMONG THE HEATHEN—A RAY OF LIGHT IN A LAND OF DARKNESS—WHAT HAS BEEN AND MAY BE DONE.

Notwithstanding the exceeding inclemency of the day a full congregation of hearers gathered yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the Second Presbyterian church to listen to Mrs. Rhea, a returned missionary. This lady spent many years in Persia, in company with her distinguished husband, whose death not only glooms her life, but inflicts a heavy loss upon the cause of Christian missions abroad. In Mrs. Rhea one sees a rare specimen of woman. Of medium feminine size, youthful likeness, lovable expression, positive presence, modest manner, sweet voiced, without the least substance or shadow of personal vanity, she seizes her audience by a strong and subduing influence from the first, and never lets loose until she clinches conviction and rears her loving arm to the ravages of the multitude of the fire-proof store houses for the deposit of valuables. Most of these, with their contents, remained unharmed. It is rumored that many lives were lost, but of this there is no confirmation. The usual energy was shown by citizens in endeavoring to repair the ravages, and several streets destroyed are already rebuilt. The native newspapers published in Yeddo and neighborhood contain numerous articles intended to throw discredit on the foreign associations, especially with respect to the revision of treaties and questions arising therefrom. Mari, formerly Japanese Minister to Washington, now holds the position of under secretary of foreign affairs in Yeddo. Sugura Kokozar, for several years a resident in Korea and Europe, and formerly a student at New Brunswick, N. J., has been appointed chief director of the government college at Yeddo.

THE RACING SEASON.

TAKING TIME BY THE FORELOCK—MEETING OF THE TURFMAN AT PERU.

It seems that the patrons of the fast track are preparing for the season in a systematic way. On last Wednesday, January 14, a meeting was held and an organization effected at Peru, Miami county, contemplating a series of union races during the summer, which was agreed on as follows: At Cambridge City, Tuesday, June 2; Kokomo, Tuesday, June 9; Peru, Tuesday, June 16; Laporte, Tuesday, June 23; Huntington, Wednesday, July 1, and to continue four days each place. The five trotting associations of the above named places were all represented at Peru, and the union association organized by electing L. L. Lawrence, of Cambridge City, as president, and E. G. McCollum, a leading lawyer of Laporte, Secretary. President Lawrence set forth the objects of the convention to be the arranging of a series of summer meetings as named, to be held consecutively in the state, thereby saving much trouble and expense in transportation. The horse lovers have by this action set an example worthy of emulation by other enterprises. It can now be seen at this early day just what is to be done to advance the interests of the turf in Indiana this summer. Owners and parties interested know what to do, and can make their calculations intelligently. As the notices are to be given in the leading turf journals of the United States, it may be presumed that both the stock and management of the races will be a vast improvement on what has been heretofore. The low condition of the track offered will be large and the regulations liberal. The number of these and amounts of the purses to be competed for are left to the final determination of each society, and these, together with the program adopted by each society, will be forwarded to Secretary McCollum, on or before March 1, for publication in the Union Pamphlet. A resolution was adopted at Peru to the effect "that no horse should be barred from trotting in any race held in this series, by reason of beating the time prescribed in any previous race, provided the entries be made in the races to be trotted in the future, prior to the time of making the record." Such are the auspices for a brilliant season on the track, for which the gentlemen in charge and the energetic beginning are a guaranty.

THE JAY COOKE SETTLEMENT.

RESULT OF THE VOTING NOT DEFINITELY KNOWN—THE DECISION UNANIMOUS TO TAKE THE ESTATE OUT OF BANKRUPTCY.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—Although the details of the voting this morning, of the creditors of Jay Cooke & Co., for trustees and a committee to settle the estate, will not be officially announced for several days, it is ascertained substantially that the following result has been reached: A unanimous decision in favor of taking the estate out of bankruptcy proper, and the winding up of its affairs by the trustees and a committee of creditors. The vote has been unanimous for Edwin M. Lowrey, president of the Farmers' and Merchants' national bank of Philadelphia, as the trustee. The only material difference in opinion among creditors has been on the question whether the committee should consist of three, five or seven members. The shrewdness to have been in favor of the committee of five, consisting of John Clayton, Isaac Norris and Robert Shoemaker of Philadelphia, Charles P. Hofferstein of Potsville, Pa., and Jas. Brown of Wilkesbarre, Pa.

MEXICAN VETERANS.

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At the close of the morning session the veterans marched to the Metropolitan Methodist church, where General Negley, member of congress from Pennsylvania, delivered an address, and General Albert Pike recited a poem. The Marine and Fort McHenry bands furnished the music. Brief addresses were made by General Sherman, and Mr. Dowell, the Hon. H. S. Lane, of Indiana, and Judge Mackey, of South Carolina, after which the procession reformed and returned to the hall. A report was made from the committee to wait on the president, that he would receive the convention to-morrow at 11 a. m. Adjourned.

BENJAMIN SHANKS HAS RECENTLY BEEN MADE MAIL AGENT ON THE G. R. AND I. RAILROAD FROM RICHMOND TO GRAND RAPIDS. THE LAGRANGE STANDARD SAYS: WE RODE FROM THIS CITY TO FORT WAYNE LAST WEEK IN THE MAIL CAR, AND WITNESSED THE MODUS OPERANDI OF "BREAKING IN" THE NEW RECRUIT, BY W. W. GOODRICH. BEN IS A LITTLE AWKWARD AT FIRST, BUT ZEALOUS IN THE CAUSE, AND WILL MAKE AN EXCELLENT AGENT, BESIDE BEING A CAPITAL FELLOW. THE FIRST JOKE OCCURRED IN HIS BEING UNABLE TO FIND SWAN STATION, ALTHOUGH HE PERISTS THAT HE STOOD IN THE DOOR WITH THE SMALL SACK IN HIS HAND FOR TWO MILES. MR. GOODRICH IS ONE OF THE BEST AGENTS ON THE ROAD, AND HAS BEEN RUNNING EVERY DAY SINCE THE 1ST OF DECEMBER IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE SICKNESS OF OTHER AGENTS.

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### A GLIMPSE AT PERSIA.

WOMAN FOR WOMAN—WORK AMONG THE HEATHEN—A RAY OF LIGHT IN A LAND OF DARKNESS—WHAT HAS BEEN AND MAY BE DONE.

Notwithstanding the exceeding inclemency of the day a full congregation of hearers gathered yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the Second Presbyterian church to listen to Mrs. Rhea, a returned missionary. This lady spent many years in Persia, in company with her distinguished husband, whose death not only glooms her life, but inflicts a heavy loss upon the cause of Christian missions abroad. In Mrs. Rhea one sees a rare specimen of woman. Of medium feminine size, youthful likeness, lovable expression, positive presence, modest manner, sweet voiced, without the least substance or shadow of personal vanity, she seizes her audience by a strong and subduing influence from the first, and never lets loose until she clinches conviction and rears her loving arm to the ravages of the multitude of the fire-proof store houses for the deposit of valuables. Most of these, with their contents, remained unharmed. It is rumored that many lives were lost, but of this there is no confirmation. The usual energy was shown by citizens in endeavoring to repair the ravages, and several streets destroyed are already rebuilt. The native newspapers published in Yeddo and neighborhood contain numerous articles intended to throw discredit on the foreign associations, especially with respect to the revision of treaties and questions arising therefrom. Mari, formerly Japanese Minister to Washington, now holds the position of under secretary of foreign affairs in Yeddo. Sugura Kokozar, for several years a resident in Korea and Europe, and formerly a student at New Brunswick, N. J., has been appointed chief director of the government college at Yeddo.

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Notwithstanding the exceeding inclemency of the day a full congregation of hearers gathered yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the Second Presbyterian church to listen to Mrs. Rhea, a returned missionary. This lady spent many years in Persia, in company with her distinguished husband, whose death not only glooms her life, but inflicts a heavy loss upon the cause of Christian missions abroad. In Mrs. Rhea one sees a rare specimen of woman. Of medium feminine size, youthful likeness, lovable expression, positive presence, modest manner, sweet voiced, without the least substance or shadow of personal vanity, she seizes her audience by a strong and subduing influence from the first, and never lets loose until she clinches conviction and rears her loving arm to the ravages of the multitude of the fire-proof store houses for the deposit of valuables. Most of these, with their contents, remained unharmed. It is rumored that many lives were lost, but of this there is no confirmation. The usual energy was shown by citizens in endeavoring to repair the ravages, and several streets destroyed are already rebuilt. The native newspapers published in Yeddo and neighborhood contain numerous articles intended to throw discredit on the foreign associations, especially with respect to the revision of treaties and questions arising therefrom. Mari, formerly Japanese Minister to Washington, now holds the position of under secretary of foreign affairs in Yeddo. Sugura Kokozar, for several years a resident in Korea and Europe, and formerly a student at New Brunswick, N. J., has been appointed chief director of the government college at Yeddo.

THE RACING SEASON.

TAKING TIME BY THE FORELOCK—MEETING OF THE TURFMAN AT PERU.

It seems that the patrons of the fast track are preparing for the season in a systematic way. On last Wednesday, January 14, a meeting was held and an organization effected at Peru, Miami county, contemplating a series of union races during the summer, which was agreed on as follows: At Cambridge City, Tuesday, June 2; Kokomo, Tuesday, June 9; Peru, Tuesday, June 16; Laporte, Tuesday, June 23; Huntington, Wednesday, July 1, and to continue four days each place. The five trotting associations of the above named places were all represented at Peru, and the union association organized by electing L. L. Lawrence, of Cambridge City, as president, and E. G. McCollum, a leading lawyer of Laporte, Secretary. President Lawrence set forth the objects of the convention to be the arranging of a series of summer meetings as named, to be held consecutively in the state, thereby saving much trouble and expense in transportation. The horse lovers have by this action set an example worthy of emulation by other enterprises. It can now be seen at this early day just what is to be done to advance the interests of the turf in Indiana this summer. Owners and parties interested know what to do, and can make their calculations intelligently. As the notices are to be given in the leading turf journals of the United States, it may be presumed that both the stock and management of the races will be a vast improvement on what has been heretofore. The low condition of the track offered will be large and the regulations liberal. The number of these and amounts of the purses to be competed for are left to the final determination of each society, and these, together with the program adopted by each society, will be forwarded to Secretary McCollum, on or before March 1, for publication in the Union Pamphlet. A resolution was adopted at Peru to the effect "that no horse should be barred from trotting in any race held in this series, by reason of beating the time prescribed in any previous race, provided the entries be made in the races to be trotted in the future, prior to the time of making the record." Such are the auspices for a brilliant season on the track, for which the gentlemen in charge and the energetic beginning are a guaranty.

THE JAY COOKE SETTLEMENT.

RESULT OF THE VOTING NOT DEFINITELY KNOWN—THE DECISION UNANIMOUS TO TAKE THE ESTATE OUT OF BANKRUPTCY.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—Although the details of the voting this morning, of the creditors of Jay Cooke & Co., for trustees and a committee to settle the estate, will not be officially announced for several days, it is ascertained substantially that the following result has been reached: A unanimous decision in favor of taking the estate out of bankruptcy proper, and the winding up of its affairs by the trustees and a committee of creditors. The vote has been unanimous for Edwin M. Lowrey, president of the Farmers' and Merchants' national bank of Philadelphia, as the trustee. The only material difference in opinion among creditors has been on the question whether the committee should consist of three, five or seven members. The shrewdness to have been in favor of the committee of five, consisting of John Clayton, Isaac Norris and Robert Shoemaker of Philadelphia, Charles P. Hofferstein of Potsville, Pa., and Jas. Brown of Wilkesbarre, Pa.

MEXICAN VETERANS.

THE CONVENTION RESOLVES TO CALL ON GEN. GRANT—THEY ARE ADDRESSED BY GEN. NEGLEY AND OTHERS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The convention of Mexican war veterans this morning resolved to visit their illustrious comrade and friend, President Grant, at the executive mansion, inform him of their measures, and invite his cooperation. A committee was appointed to prepare a memorial to congress, and the war department will be asked for a copy of the muster rolls of the soldiers of the Mexican war.

At the close of the morning session the veterans marched to the Metropolitan Methodist church, where General Negley, member of congress from Pennsylvania, delivered an address, and General Albert Pike recited a poem. The Marine and Fort McHenry bands furnished the music. Brief addresses were made by General Sherman, and Mr. Dowell, the Hon. H. S. Lane, of Indiana, and Judge Mackey, of South Carolina, after which the procession reformed and returned to the hall. A report was made from the committee to wait on the president, that he would receive the convention to-morrow at 11 a. m. Adjourned.

BENJAMIN SHANKS HAS RECENTLY BEEN MADE MAIL AGENT ON THE G. R. AND I. RAILROAD FROM RICHMOND TO GRAND RAPIDS. THE LAGRANGE STANDARD SAYS: WE RODE FROM THIS CITY TO FORT WAYNE LAST WEEK IN THE MAIL CAR, AND WITNESSED THE MODUS OPERANDI OF "BREAKING IN" THE NEW RECRUIT, BY W. W. GOODRICH. BEN IS A LITTLE AWKWARD AT FIRST, BUT ZEALOUS IN THE CAUSE, AND WILL MAKE AN EXCELLENT AGENT, BESIDE BEING A CAPITAL FELLOW. THE FIRST JOKE OCCURRED IN HIS BEING UNABLE TO FIND SWAN STATION, ALTHOUGH HE PERISTS THAT HE STOOD IN THE DOOR WITH THE SMALL SACK IN HIS HAND FOR TWO MILES. MR. GOODRICH IS ONE OF THE BEST AGENTS ON THE ROAD, AND HAS BEEN RUNNING EVERY DAY SINCE THE 1ST OF DECEMBER IN